

# Non-Processing Handler Organic System Plan

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### **GENERAL INFORMATION NOS §205.406(a)**

Complete this form if you are seeking certification as a broker, trader, wholesaler, brand holder, distributor, importer or exporter of organic products that you do not process, repack (combine or split), label, relabel or apply any substance to.

If you are involved in additional handling activities such as processing, packaging, labeling, transloading of bulk product, or storing product in permeable packaging, then a different form (Handler Organic System Plan) is required.

1. Select all that describe your business:	
□ Broker	☐ Private Label Brand Holder or Private Label
☐ Trader	Owner
☐ Wholesaler	☐ Importer and/or exporter of packaged
☐ Distributor	organic product in sealed containers
	<ul> <li>Importer and/or exporter of unpacked organic product in bulk vessels</li> </ul>
	Exclusive sales agent for
	Other
2. If "Exclusive sales agent," note operation name her	re:
3. If "other," explain:	
4. Select all that describe your organic product hand	ing activities:
☐ I take title to/ownership of organic products	
☐ I take physical possession of organic products	
☐ I drop ship organic products to customers dire	ectly from suppliers
☐ I arrange sales of organic product between bu	yers and sellers without taking title or possession
of organic products	
□ Other	
5. If "other," explain:	
6. Describe your activities in detail:	
7. Describe required government permits/licenses/in operations must comply with all applicable federal, sto	, ,

8. CONTRACT HANDLERS:		
Do you use Contract Handlers?  ○ Yes ○ No		
9. If yes, check all that apply.		
in a sealed, tamper-evident package or co	ontainer, and do leed. <b>Complete a</b> r	rations that receive organic product enclosed not repackage or otherwise handle the product. nd submit the Exempt (formerly Excluded)
importing, exporting for sale, combining,	ed organic. Exam Iging, trading, fac aggregating, cull	ples of handling activities that need to be cilitating sale or trade on behalf of a seller,
10. Provide the name, phone number, cert and type of process/handling service each *All products stored must be listed on the <b>Contract Handlers</b>	n contract handle	
Name and Phone Number	Certifier	Type of processing/handling*
Additional Comments:		

11. <b>INTERNATIONAL REQUIREMENTS</b> Imported organic products have a higher organic integrity risk. Additional audit trail documentation will be required to verify the organic status and to show that products were not treated upon entry to the US. Import certificates will be required for all imports as of March 19, 2024.
Imported and/or exported organic products may fall under an Organic Equivalency Arrangement and have additional requirements.
Do you purchase or are you the first certified organic operation in the US to receive any imported organic ingredients or products grown or processed outside of the US? Be sure to add import information to your OIPA form. Import certificates will be required for all imports as of March 19, 2024. Be sure to add import information to your Organic Ingredients and Processing Aids (OIPA) form.  Yes  No  Both
12. If yes, are you the importer of record?
<ul><li>Yes</li><li>No, I purchase ingredients from importers or suppliers</li></ul>
○ Both
13. Are importers/suppliers located in the US? <i>Note: you must maintain audit trail documentation back to the last certified organic entity. Import certificates will be required for all imports as of March 19, 2024.</i> • Yes, located in US
<ul><li>No, located outside US</li><li>Both</li></ul>
14. Is the importer certified organic? <i>Importers must be certified by March 19, 2024</i> .  Yes  No Both
15. If you export organic products, how do you verify that they meet international or other additional verification requirements? You must ensure that all certificates are current and complete, listing the specific products you source and any applicable export market compliance.
16. For all organic products exported, how do you verify that the product labels are compliant with a trade arrangement or the country's labeling requirements?

### MONITORING SUPPLIERS and ORGANIC PRODUCT COMPOSITION NOS §§205.103, .105, .301 .302

The National Organic Standards require that all raw or processed agricultural products sold, labeled or represented as "100 percent organic," "organic" or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))," and all organic ingredients in multi ingredient agricultural products with less than 70% organically produced ingredients must be handled in compliance with all applicable organic standards. For processed products labeled as "organic" on the principal display panel, all agricultural ingredients must be certified organic or on the National List. Nonorganic ingredients and processing aids used must be allowed on the National List and must not comprise more than 5% of the finished product (excluding water and salt). All annotations and restrictions for ingredients used from the National List must be followed, and commercial unavailability documented when applicable.

processing aids subject to ionizing radiation or genetically engineered organisms and their derivatives, nor ingredients produced using sewage sludge. National Organic Standard §205.301 outlines other labelclaim-specific and product composition requirements. National Organic Standard §205.2 defines an ingredient as any substance used in the preparation of an agricultural product that is still present in the final commercial product as consumed. 17. Are you responsible for ingredient procurement or formulation of products that you sell? If yes, answer questions 18 and 19 below If no, skip to question 20 below ○ Yes ○ No 18. Please describe your process for verifying that organic and nonorganic ingredients are compliant. 19. Describe what ingredient verification information (organic certificates, nonorganic ingredient verification) you are responsible for supplying to your copacker. 20. Who at your company is responsible for approving new organic suppliers? Prior to purchasing, you must verify certification of the supplier, unless exempt, and the organic status of the ingredient(s) or product(s). 21. How often do you switch suppliers, add new suppliers, or do spot purchasing to prevent shortages? Frequent changes may result in increased audit trail verification at inspection. 22. How frequently do you review organic certificates for existing suppliers to ensure they are complete and current? Operations must review certificates annually for active suppliers, at a minimum. 23. Do you purchase organic ingredients from exempt suppliers (E.g. operations that only receive, store, and/or prepare for shipment products that are in sealed, tamper-evident packages or containers, but do not otherwise handle organic agricultural products)? Sourcing through exempt suppliers requires additional audit trail verification at inspection. Supply chain verification must be provided back to the last certified handler. O Yes O No 24. If yes, how will you ensure that only certified organic ingredients are sourced by the exempt supplier? Submit an Organic Ingredients and Processing Aids form listing all suppliers. Audit trail records must link directly back to the last certified operation. Check all that apply. ☐ I do not place an order until the certified supplier is identified by the exempt handler and I have determined the organic certificate is legitimate and complete ☐ For any delivery that cannot be traced back to the certified supplier, I refuse or hold shipment until the certified supplier is verified ☐ Other 25. If "other," explain:

Products making "100% organic," "organic" or "made with..." claims may not contain ingredients or

## ORGANIC HANDLING PRACTICES (product flow, integrity maintenance) NOS §§205.201, .272

Procedures, processes, storage and equipment must prevent risk of commingling organic and nonorganic products, and prevent contamination from prohibited substances present in the facility. Procedures used to maintain organic integrity must be documented. Organic Control Points (OCPs) are areas in the production system where organic integrity may be compromised. Your organic system plan must determine where contamination is most likely to occur and show how contamination will be prevented.

26. <b>PRODUCT FLOW:</b>	
Provide a written description below showing how and	· ·
packaged, and warehoused. Include OCPs in the prod	uct flow description. A schematic product flow chart
may be submitted to provide this information.	
27. TRANSPORT:	
Records must demonstrate prevention of commingling	and contamination during transportation.
In what forms are ingredients and/or products transp	1,7,7
□ dry bulk	□ plastic crates
☐ liquid bulk	□ paper bags
□ tote bags	☐ foil bags
☐ tote boxes	□ pails
☐ metal drums	mesh bags
□ cardboard drums	□ other
☐ cardboard cases	
28. If "other," explain:	
29. How are products transported?	no solf
tanker	self
□ trailer	□ barge/ship
common carrier	□ other
□ rail	
30. If "other," explain:	`
31. Are unpackaged products transloaded between c	arriers during transport? Any transloading where
loads are split, combined, treated, sorted, containerize	
	ied. Transloading of your shipment between modes of
transport equipment may not need to be certified if yo	our load and only your load is moved from one form of
transport to another.	
<ul> <li>Yes Provide organic certificate(s) for transload</li> </ul>	ing operations
○ No	
32. Who arranges product transportation?	
33. How do you ensure that transport units are clean	ed prior to loading organic products?
,	,

34. Is this inspection/cleaning process documented (Ex: Clean Truck Affidavit)?  • Yes • No				
35. Are transport units used to carry any prohibited substances?  • Yes • No				
36. Have transport compa ○ <b>Yes</b> ○ <b>No</b>	nies been notified of o	rganic handling	g requirements	?
37. Are organic products s  • Yes • No	hipped at the same tim	ne as nonorgar	nic in the same	transport units?
38. What steps are taken t  ☐ dedicated organic-or			all that apply. nic product sh	rink-wrapped
□ pallets		□ sepa	rate area in tra	nsport unit
□ pallet tags		□ othe	r	
39. If "other," explain:				
handle the product does rexemption. The <b>Exempt</b> (sometimes of the off-site handler, as a <b>Non-Processing Sto</b>	not need to be certified formerly Excluded) Hadicated on facility map(see table below. Under "Lapplicable.	. Contact MOS andler form m s). ocation" note	iA to determine ust be completed if it is on-site or	ed for such facilities.  r off-site and <i>list the name</i>
Use/Product Location Stored	Offsite Location Contact/Address	Certified Under	For organic use only?	How is contamination prevented in this area?
		<b>&gt;</b>		
Additional Comments:				
41. WASTE MANAGEMENT products be sold as certification (a) Yes (b) No	•	cts sold as org	ganic must be co	ertified. Will any waste

42. II yes, please describe the waste product.	
43. How do you manage waste from expiration, spoila <i>apply</i> .	ge or inadequate quality testing? Check all that
on-site dumpster	☐ daily pickup of waste
☐ material recycling	□ sediment ponds
☐ water recycling	☐ application to organic land
□ water filtering	$\ \square$ application to nonorganic land
☐ smokestack filters	□ other
44. If "other," explain:	
45. What records do you maintain on your waste volu	me?
46. <b>EDUCATION AND TRAINING:</b> All personnel shoul safety and organic integrity.	d receive appropriate training to maintain food
Describe procedures and documentation ensuring per System Plan.	sonnel have appropriate training on your Organic
PEST MANAGEMENT NOS §§205.201, .27 The National Organic Standards require that pest man methods as noted in NOS §205.271. When these are nallowed for organic processing and handling may be deffective, any substance may be used for pest manager restrictions, and provided the operator and MOSA agrand measures taken to maintain organic integrity. Subcontamination of ingredients or finished products to be treatments used must be justified. A pest management responsible for handling or transporting organic ingrepreventive monitoring must be a part of this plan to sineeded.	ragement is primarily handled by preventive lot effective, non-synthetic or synthetic substances used. If prevention and allowed materials are not ement, provided it is used in compliance with legal ree on the substance used, methods of application, estances must be applied in a manner that prevents be sold, labeled or represented as organic. All at plan must be in place for each operation that is edients or product, and a program of regular
47. What type(s) of pest management is used at this fa ☐ in-house ☐ contract pest control service ☐ none	acility?
48. If "in-house," give name of responsible person.	
49. If "contract pest control service," give name, addre	ess, and phone number.

50. Are pesticides used?  If "Yes," Submit a Handler Input Inventory form listing all pest control substances including baits, sprays, pesticides, or fumigants in use, product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA, and a pest management facility map.   Yes
$\circ$ No
O Not applicable, I do not take possession of the product.
51. Indicate the type of pesticide management records maintained, including pesticide applications.
52. <b>GENERAL SANITATION:</b> Good sanitation practices must be used throughout the facility. Residues from cleaning materials must not contaminate organic products.  Are Sanitation materials used?  If "Yes," Submit a Handler Input Inventory form listing all cleansers and sanitizers used in the facility, and
product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA
O Not applicable, I do not take possession of the product

#### **AUDIT TRAIL AND INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM NOS §§205.103, .201**

Audit trail and inventory control procedures must be adequate to trace all ingredients and products from the last certified organic operation through the entire handling system, including packaging and storage, and on through distribution, sales and transport, using labeling, lot numbers, date codes, or a similar product tracking system. Organic handlers must retain valid proof of certification for all organic ingredients. Amounts of organic sold/distributed products must balance with certified organic products received (loss to spoilage or inadequate supply chain documentation should be documented). External audit trail documentation must identify organic products as "100% organic," "organic," or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))," as appropriate. Operations may use abbreviations or acronyms to identify products, provided that the abbreviations or acronyms are easily understood.

Documents in your audit trail must be able to link to those preceding and following them in the record system. If lot numbers and/or other unique identifiers on documents change as products move through your operation, documents must remain auditable so product is traceable.

identified in this section available at inspection. Submit			
purchase orders	receipts		
□ bills of lading	□ quality assurance reports		
☐ certificates of analysis	□ scale tickets		
□ receiving records	☐ equipment cleaning logs		
□ customs forms	□ shipping logs		
☐ organic import certificates	☐ sales receipts		
☐ phytosanitary forms	☐ input labels/composition list		
☐ transaction certificates	□ labor records		
□ inspection forms	□ pest control log		
□ receiving summary log	□ residue tests		
□ invoices	□ clean transport		
□ organic certificates	□ receiving manifests		
	□ other		
54. If "other," explain:			
55. Describe your lot numbering or unique identificati acronyms.	ion system and your use of any abbreviations or		
56. Describe how lot numbers and/or other unique ide	entifiers used link documents to enable traceability.		
57. Can your recordkeeping system balance organic p  • Yes • No	roduct in and organic product out?		
58. Can your recordkeeping system verify prevention O Yes O No	of contact with prohibited substances?		
59. If you answered no to any of the above two questi areas can be tracked/verified?	ions, what changes will you make to ensure these		
60. The National Organic Standards require that you keep minimum of 5 years. How do you intend to maintain to hard copy  electronic  both	• • • •		

#### PACKAGING AND LABELING NOS §§205.201, .272, .303 - .311

The National Organic Standards require that packaging materials be free of prohibited substances and must not contaminate the organic product. Organic product labels must meet State and Federal labeling requirements as well as requirements specifically outlined in NOS §205.303-.311. All labels making an organic claim must be approved prior to use. Submit color labels if colored labeling is used.

Nonretail labels must identify the product as organic, and include the production lot number, shipping identification, or other unique identification that links the container to audit trail documentation on all containers and packages, regardless of shape, size, or use, used to ship or store organic products. Nonretail labeling requirements do not apply to nonretail containers used to ship or store agricultural

products packaged for retail sale with organic identification visible on the retail label.

Retail products labeled as "100% organic," "organic," "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))," or livestock feed products, must identify the certified handler or product distributor on the information panel, followed below by "Certified Organic by MOSA." Organic ingredients must be identified as organic in ingredient listings on products labeled "100% organic," "organic" or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s)." See the NOS for complete labeling requirements/options and contact MOSA as needed for clarification.

61. <b>LABELING:</b> For label brand holders or label owners, all labels you are responsible for that make an organic claim must be approved by MOSA prior to use. Submit copies of new labels and label changes to MOSA for review and approval. Submit color labels if colored labeling is used. (Note: if you plan to apply labels at your operation, you must fill out the Handler OSP.)
Do you use or plan to use labels that make an organic claim?  Yes No
62. If you make/use labels for organic products,describe the type of labels used (retail, nonretail, etc).  Note N/A if not applicable.
63. Describe your system for verifying that all labels making an organic claim comply with the National Organic Standards. <i>Note N/A if not applicable</i> .
64. Do you use or plan to use the USDA seal and/or the MOSA logo on product labels or marketing information?  • Yes • No
65. Where else do you make or plan to make an organic claim or use the USDA seal or logo?    Website   Brochures   Signs   Advertising materials   Other   None
66. If "other," explain:
67. <b>COMPLETE:</b> Is your Organic System Plan complete?  O Yes O No