

## Handler Organic System Plan

Account #	
Name:	
Date:	
Year:	

GENERAL INFORMATION NOS §205.406(a)
1. If you are the contract or subcontract operator for others, what services do you provide and to whom? Examples include on-farm processing, feed processing, meat processing, co-manufacturing, etc. Note NA if not applicable.
2. Describe government permits/licenses/inspections that are in effect for your operation. Certified organic operations must comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations.
3. INTERNATIONAL REQUIREMENTS
Imported organic products have a higher organic integrity risk. Additional audit trail documentation will be required to verify organic status and to show that products were not treated upon entry to the US. Import certificates are required for all imports as of March 19, 2024.
Imported and/or exported organic products may fall under an Organic Equivalency Arrangement and have additional requirements.
Do you purchase or are you the first certified organic operation in the US to receive any imported organic ingredients or products grown or processed outside of the US? Import certificates are required for all imports as of March 19, 2024. Be sure to add import information to your Organic Ingredients and Processing Aids (OIPA) form.  Yes No
4. If yes, are you ever the importer of record?  • Yes
O No, I solely purchase ingredients from importers or suppliers.
5. Are importers/suppliers located in the US? Note: you must maintain audit trail documentation back to the last certified organic entity. Import certificates will be required for all imports as of March 19, 2024.  Yes, located in US  No, located outside US
6. Is the importer certified organic? Importers must be certified by March 19, 2024.
○ Yes ○ No
O Both
7. If you export organic products, how do you verify that they meet international or other additional

verification requirements? You must ensure that all certificates are current and complete, listing the specific products you source and any applicable export market compliance.

8. For all organic products exported, how arrangement or the country's labeling req	•	t the product labels are compliant with a trade			
9. <b>CONTRACT HANDLERS:</b> Do you use Contract Handlers?  • Yes • No					
10. If yes, check all that apply.					
in a sealed, tamper-evident package or co	ntainer, and do r ed. Complete and	rations that receive organic product enclosed not repackage or otherwise handle the product. d submit the <b>Exempt (formerly Excluded)</b>			
Certified Contract Handlers: Contract has services to your company must be certified certified include selling, processing, packal importing, exporting for sale, combining, a containerizing, repacking, labeling, storing certificate.  Exempt Contract Handlers  Certified Contract Handlers	ed organic. Examp ging, trading, fac aggregating, culli	oles of handling activities that need to be illitating sale or trade on behalf of a seller,			
11. Provide the name, phone number, certification agency (unless exempt, see above and indicate n/a), and type of process/handling service each contract handler provides in the table below.  *All products stored must be listed on the table in the storage section of your OSP.					
Contract Handlers					
Name and Phone Number	Certifier	Type of processing/handling*			
Additional Comments:	1				

## **MONITORING SUPPLIERS and ORGANIC PRODUCT COMPOSITION NOS** §§205.103, .105, .301 .302, .605, .606

The National Organic Standards require that all raw or processed agricultural products sold, labeled or represented as "100 percent organic," "organic" or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))," and all organic ingredients in multi-ingredient agricultural products with less than 70% organically produced ingredients must be handled in compliance with all applicable organic standards. For processed products labeled as "organic" on the principal display panel, all agricultural ingredients must be certified organic or on the National List. Nonorganic ingredients and processing aids used must be allowed on the National List per §205.605 and §205.606, and must not comprise more than 5% of the finished product (excluding water and salt). All annotations and restrictions for ingredients used from the National List must be followed, and commercial unavailability documented when applicable.

Products making "100% organic," "organic" or "made with..." claims may not contain ingredients or processing aids subject to ionizing radiation or genetically engineered organisms and their derivatives,

claim-specific and product composition requirements. National Organic Standard §205.301 outlines other label- claim-specific and product composition requirements. National Organic Standard §205.2 defines an ingredient as any substance used in the preparation of an agricultural product that is still present in the final commercial product as consumed.
12. <b>INGREDIENTS:</b> Submit completed <b>Organic Product Profiles</b> for multi-ingredient products requested for certification. All organic ingredients, and single-ingredient products requested for certification must be listed on the <b>Organic Ingredient and Processing Aids (OIPA)</b> form. Ingredient labels and/or specification sheets, as applicable, must also be provided for all ingredients.
What is your procedure for sourcing organic agricultural ingredients?
13. How do you verify certification of organic ingredients (including necessary supply chain documentation)?
14. How often do you switch suppliers, add new suppliers, or do spot purchasing to prevent shortages? Frequent changes may result in increased audit trail verification at inspection.
15. How frequently do you review organic certificates for existing suppliers to ensure they are complete and current? Operations must review certificates annually for active suppliers, at a minimum.
16. Do you purchase organic ingredients from exempt suppliers (E.g. operations that only receive, store, and/or prepare for shipment products that are in sealed, tamper-evident packages or containers, but do not otherwise handle organic agricultural products)? Sourcing through exempt suppliers requires additional audit trail verification at inspection. Supply chain verification must be provided back to the last certified handler.  Yes O No

Submit an Organic Ingredients and Processing Aids form listing all suppliers. Audit trail records must link directly back to the last certified operation.  Check all that apply
<ul> <li>I do not place an order until the certified supplier is identified by the exempt handler and I have determined the organic certificate is legitimate and complete.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>□ For any delivery that cannot be traced back to the certified supplier, I refuse or hold shipment until the certified supplier is verified.</li> <li>□ Other</li> </ul>
18. If "other," explain:
19. How do you verify that ingredients and other inputs used have not been produced using genetic engineering, sewage sludge, or ionizing radiation and that National List annotations are followed?
20. Do any nonorganic ingredients used have annotations/restrictions for their use on the National List?  Yes
○ No ○ NA
21. If "yes," describe how you meet compliance. If you are uncertain about how to meet these requirements, please contact MOSA.
22. <b>PROCESSING AIDS:</b> Reference the definition of Processing Aid in NOS §205.2. Processing aids must be noted on the <b>Organic Product Profile</b> submitted for each product requested for certification. Submit processing aid labels and/or specification sheets, as applicable.
Do you use processing aids? <i>If no processing aids are used, skip to the Other Materials Section.</i> O Yes O No
23. If "yes," list what processing aids are used, and describe how and why they are used.
24. If any processing aids used have annotations/restrictions for their use on the National List, describe compliance.
25. Are any processing aids <b>not</b> on the National List? If "yes," explain.
26. How do you verify that processing aids used have not been produced using genetic engineering, sewage sludge, or ionizing radiation and that National List annotations are followed?

27. <b>WATER:</b> Water used in processing/handling must use culinary steam, boiler additives must not contami the <b>Handler Input Inventory</b> and submit product lab listed or previously approved by MOSA.	nate the organic products. List boiler additives on
How is water used in processing? Check all that apply	:
□ not used	☐ organic product cleaning
□ ingredient	☐ equipment cleaning
□ processing aid	□ other
□ cooking	
□ product transport	
28. If "other," explain.	
29. List all sources of water (e.g. municipal, on-site we nitrates for nonmunicipal water sources.	ell). Submit a <b>water test</b> for Coliform bacteria and
30. List any known water contaminants.	
31. What on-site water treatment processes are used? where used), softening.)	? (e.g. filtration (specify type), chlorination (specify
32. Do you use water conservation strategies?  • Yes • No	
33. How, and how often, do you monitor water quality	y?
34. Is culinary steam used that has contact with organ yes, submit a label listing active ingredients for all boild Yes O No	
35. Are any of the following used to prevent and/or modatile boiler chemicals are used, submit documentation does not carry over in the steam. Check all that apply.  steam filters  condensate traps testing of condensate testing of finished products other (blow-down process, turning off chemical)	on from the chemical manufacturer that the chemical
36. If "other," explain.	

# ORGANIC MANUFACTURING AND HANDLING PRACTICES (product flow, sanitation) NOS §§205.201, .272

Procedures, processes, storage and equipment must prevent risk of commingling organic and nonorganic products, and prevent contamination from prohibited substances present in the facility. Procedures used

to maintain organic integrity must be documented. Organic Control Points (OCPs) are areas in the production system where organic integrity may be compromised. Your organic system plan must determine where contamination is most likely to occur and show how contamination will be prevented.

#### 37. PRODUCT FLOW:

applicable).

Provide a written description below showing how and where ingredients/products are received, stored, processed, packaged, and warehoused, and identifying all equipment used, storage areas, and where ingredients are added or processing aids used. Include OCPs in the product flow description. A schematic product flow chart may be submitted to provide this information. If you have a formal OCP plan that contains information beyond what we ask here, please submit that plan.

38. **EQUIPMENT:** To prevent commingling and contamination, all equipment used in organic production or handling must be free of nonorganic product and prohibited materials. Equipment used for both organic and nonorganic processing or handling must be cleaned and/or flushed prior to use on organic products. Keep records of cleaning and flushing activities. Submit facility **map(s)** showing equipment location and areas used for organic processing, packaging, or storage.

Describe cleaning methods for equipment used in processing (including sweeping, scraping, vacuuming, compressed air, manual washing, clean in place (CIP), steam cleaning, sanitizing) used prior to organic production runs (or submit Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOPs) if desired). *Products used for equipment cleaning and sanitation must be listed on the Handler Input Inventory*. Submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.

for equipment cleaning and sanitation must be listed on the <b>Handler Input Inventory</b> . Submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.
39. Describe purge procedures, quantities purged, and purging documentation. If no equipment purging is done, note "N/A".
40. Are all surfaces that contact organic products food grade?  O Yes O No
41. If "no," explain.
42. <b>GENERAL SANITATION:</b> Good sanitation practices must be used throughout the facility. Residues from cleaning materials must not contaminate organic products. List all cleansers and sanitizers used in the processing facility on the <b>Handler Input Inventory</b> and submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.  How is sanitation handled?  in-house  by outside contractor  both
43. Provide the name of your in-house sanitation officer or contract cleaning service, and their contact information including address and phone number.

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44. Describe general facility sanitation methods used prior to organic production runs (or attach SSOPs if

45. Are any cleansers/sanitizers listed as restricted o <i>Handler Input Inventory</i> .  Yes O No	r prohibited by the National List? List inputs on the
46. What measures are in place to ensure that the rematter do not remain on processing equipment and Check all that apply.   pH testing of rinsate	rsidues of cleanser/sanitizers and/or nonorganic food /or containers when organic processing occurs?
☐ residue testing on food contact surfaces	
$\ \square$ use of sanitizer with ingredients on the Natio	nal List
□ purge/flush	
☐ mechanical cleaning	
□ other	
47. If "other," explain.	
48. If testing is done, describe the type of test(s) and	I sensitivity level(s) of testing materials.
49. How, and how often, is general sanitation monitor	ored?
50. Where are cleaning/sanitizing materials stored?	
ORGANIC MANUFACTURING AND HAN §§205.201, .272	IDLING PRACTICES (transport) NOS
51. <b>INCOMING TRANSPORT:</b> Records must demonstrate prevention of commingling In what forms are incoming products received? Check	ck all that apply.
□ dry bulk	cardboard drums
□ liquid bulk	paper bags
□ tote bags	☐ foil bags
□ tote boxes	□ pails
□ metal drums	□ plastic crates
	☐ cardboard cases
	□ mesh bags
	□ other
52. If "other," explain.	

□ tanker
□ common carrier
□ self
□ barge/ship
54. If "other," explain.
55. Who arranges incoming product transportation?
56. How do you ensure that incoming transport units were cleaned prior to loading organic products?
57. Is this inspection/cleaning process documented?  O Yes O No
58. Are incoming transport units used to carry any prohibited substances?  • Yes • No
59. Have transport companies been notified of organic handling requirements?  • Yes • No
60. Are organic products shipped at the same time as nonorganic in the same transport units?  • Yes • No
61. What steps are taken to segregate organic products? <i>Check all that apply.</i>
dedicated organic only
□ pallets □ pallet tags
organic product shrink-wrapped
separate area in transport unit
□ other
62. If "other," explain.
63. IN-PROCESS TRANSPORT:
How are in-process products safeguarded from contamination/commingling? Check all that apply.
dedicated organic production
organic production run first thing
organic production on specific days
<ul> <li>separate production lines</li> <li>dedicated organic transport</li> </ul>
□ dedicated organic transport
other
64. If other, explain.

65. How do you ensure that in-process transport units are cleaned prior to loading organic products?
66. Is this inspection/cleaning process documented?  • Yes • No
67. Do organic products leave your facility for further processing?
68. Are unpackaged products transloaded between carriers during transport? Any transloading where loads are split, combined, treated, sorted, containerized, packed/repacked, opened, enclosed, labeled/relabeled, or otherwise handled must be certified. Transloading of your shipment between modes of transport equipment may not need to be certified if your load and only your load is moved from one form of transport to another.  O Yes Provide organic certificate(s) for transloading operations.  No
69. Are interim labels used while the product is in process of production? (job#/work orders or other labels applied)
70. If nonorganic production occurs at the same time as organic production how do you prevent contamination or commingling?
71. OUTGOING FINISHED PRODUCT TRANSPORT: In what form are finished products shipped? Check all that apply.  dry bulk  liquid bulk  mesh bags  cardboard drums  cardboard cases  paper bags  plastic crates  pails  other
72. If "other," explain.
73. How are outgoing products transported? Check all that apply.  tanker  trailer  rail self other
74. If "other," explain.
75. Who arranges outgoing product transportation?

76. How do you e	nsure that	outgoing tran	sport units are	clean prior to lo	ading organic products?			
77. Is this inspecti	on/cleanin	g process doc	umented?					
78. Are outgoing to Yes O No	transport u	ınits used to c	arry any prohil	pited materials?				
79. Have transpor	t companie	es been notifie	ed of organic h	andling requirem	nents?			
80. Are organic pr	oducts shi	pped at the sa	me time as no	norganic in the s	ame transport units?			
81. What steps are dedicated org pallets pallet tags organic produ	ganic only		anic products?	Check all that ap	oply.			
□ separate area □ other	in transpo	ort unit						
82. If "other," expl	ain.							
ORGANIC MA §§205.201, .27		TURING AN	ND HANDL	ING (storage	, quality assurance) NOS			
83. <b>STORAGE INFORMATION:</b> Provide information for all storage areas/facilities in use. Off-site storage facilities must be certified organic, or exempt from certification. A storage facility that receives organic products that are enclosed in sealed, tamper-evident packages or containers and does not repackage or otherwise handle the product does not need to be certified. The <b>Exempt (formerly Excluded) Handler</b> form must be completed for such facilities. Storage areas must be indicated on facility <b>map(s)</b> . Contact MOSA to determine if storage qualifies for exemption.  List all storage areas in the table below.  Under "Location" note if it is on-site or off-site and list the name of the off-site handler, as applicable.								
Use/Product Stored	Location	Type of storage	Certified Under	For organic use only?	How is contamination prevented in this area?			
513.64		5.5.agc	0.1.4.01	Jy.	p. sterries in this steet.			

Additional Comments:							
	clude whey	/ from cheese	making, grain	cleanings from se	be certified. Some exar eed conditioning, meal	•	
Will any waste or longer product Profile for Section 1.			ction be sold a	s certified organi	c? If "yes," submit an <b>O</b>	rganic	
	nanage wa	ste from expira	ation, spoilage,	or inadequate q	uality testing? Check at	ll that	
<i>apply.</i>   □ on-site dump	ster			daily pickup o	f waste		
☐ material recyc				sediment pond			
☐ water recyclin	ng			application to	organic land		
uater filtering	g			application to	nonorganic land		
smokestack fi	ilters			other			
composting							
86. If "other," explain.							
87. What organic waste products are generated by your operation, and what records are used to track the type/volume of waste product?							
88. How do you account for organic waste product loss, and/or adjust inventory to reflect organic waste?							
89. How do you account for organic product shrinkage and how much volume (in %) is lost during production? (Such as during milling, maple syrup production, etc.)							
90. <b>EDUCATION AND TRAINING:</b> All personnel should receive appropriate training to maintain food safety and organic integrity.							
How many people are employed at your organic production facility(s)?							
91. Describe procedures ensuring personnel have appropriate training in organic handling practices and general food handling/protection.							
92. Is this training documented?  O Yes O No							

93. <b>QUALITY ASSURANCE:</b>
Do you have a QA program in place? If so, which program do you use (HACCP, HARPC, TQM, etc.)?
94. Are any outside quality assessment services used? If so, list name of assessment company.
95. Indicate type(s) of product testing used. <i>Check all that apply.</i> □ ingredients prior to purchase
☐ finished product
□ product during production
□ ingredients upon receipt
none
96. Are ingredient samples retained? If so, for how long?
97. Are finished product samples retained? If so, for how long?
98. Indicate any other means to monitor product quality and/or the effectiveness of your organic management plan.
99. Describe product recall system, or attach product recall plan.
100. Do you anticipate any changes to your quality assurance system? If yes, describe.
101. Specify any type(s) of environmental testing conducted.
102. <b>ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS:</b> Are any other means not described above taken to ensure that organic integrity is maintained?  • Yes • No
103. If "yes," list organic compliance plans and organic integrity protection methods.

## **PEST MANAGEMENT NOS §§205.201, .271, .272**

The National Organic Standards require that pest management is primarily handled by preventive methods as noted in NOS §205.271. When these are not effective, non-synthetic or synthetic substances allowed for organic processing and handling may be used. If prevention and allowed materials are not effective, any substance may be used for pest management, provided it is used in compliance with legal restrictions, and provided the operator and MOSA agree on the substance used, methods of application, and measures taken to maintain organic integrity. Substances must be applied in a manner that prevents contamination of ingredients or finished products to be sold, labeled or represented as organic. All treatments used must be justified. A pest management plan must be in place for each facility operated, and a program of regular preventive monitoring must be a part of this plan to show that a previously allowed material is still needed.

How is pest control handled?			
in-house			
□ outside contractor			
□ both			
105. Provide the name of your in-house pest control officer or contract pest control service, and their contact information including address and phone number. How do you work with your pest control provider to ensure the required steps have been followed?			
106. What pest problems do you generally have? <i>Che</i>	eck all that apply.		
crawling insects	other		
spiders			
□ birds			
□ rats			
107. If "other," explain.			
ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or Check all pest management practices used. Check all good sanitation removal of exterior habitat/food sources cleanup of spilled product			
sealed doors and/or windows	☐ freezing treatments		
□ exclusion	heat treatments		
repair of holes, cracks, etc.	☐ vacuum treatments		
screened windows, vents, etc.	□ carbon dioxide		
☐ sheet metal on sides of building exterior	□ vitamin baits		
□ physical barriers	□ pyrethrum		
□ mowing	$\square$ ryania		
☐ air curtains	□ rotenone		
air showers	□ boric acid		
positive air pressure in facility	☐ disodium octaltetrahydrate		
monitoring	☐ diatomaceous earth		
ingredient inspection for pests	precipitated silica		
☐ inspection zones around interior perimeter	☐ fumigation		
□ ultrasound/light devices □ sticky traps	☐ fogging		
□ beneficials/natural predators	<ul><li>crack and crevice spray</li><li>other</li></ul>		
electrocutors	_ Julei		
pheromone traps			

109. If "other," explain.
110. Are your pest prevention methods and structural pest management system effective to prevent or control pests?  • Yes • No
111. If "no," explain.
112. Are records kept of your monitoring activities?  Yes O No
113. How often do you inspect your pest prevention system?
114. What changes do you anticipate to your pest management system?
115. <b>PESTICIDE USE:</b> List all pest control substances including baits, sprays, pesticides, or fumigants on the <b>Handler Input Inventory</b> . Submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.  Are pesticides used? <i>If</i> "no," skip to Audit Trail and Inventory Control System Section.  Yes O No
116. Are any products used which are prohibited by the National List?  Yes No
117. If "yes," did you contact MOSA for approval prior to product use?  • Yes • No
118. Indicate type of pesticide management records maintained, including pesticide applications.
119. Describe methods to prevent pesticide contamination of organic ingredients, finished products, or packaging materials.
120. Describe your plan to reduce or prevent pest control product use in the future.
121. Where are pest control substances stored?

### **AUDIT TRAIL AND INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM NOS §§205.103, .201**

Audit trail and inventory control procedures must be adequate to trace all ingredients and products from the last certified organic operation through the entire handling system, including packaging and storage, and on through distribution, sales and transport, using labeling, lot numbers, date codes, or a similar product tracking system. Organic handlers must retain valid proof of certification for all organic ingredients. Amounts of organic finished products must balance with purchased certified organic and other allowed ingredients (loss to shrinkage or spoilage should be documented). External audit trail documentation must identify organic products as "100% organic," "organic," or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))," as appropriate. Operations may use abbreviations or acronyms to identify products, provided that the abbreviations or acronyms are easily understood. Documents in your audit trail must be able to link to those preceding and following them in the record system. If lot

numbers and/or other unique identifiers on documents change as products move through your operation, documents must remain auditable so product is traceable. 122. What documents do you use to track ingredients and products at **receiving**? Check all that apply. Please have all records identified in this section available at inspection. Submit sample records needed to show traceability. purchase orders ☐ receiving summary log □ bills of lading □ invoices ☐ certificates of analysis □ organic certificates □ receiving records □ sales receipts ☐ customs forms ☐ quality test results organic import certificates □ scale tickets phytosanitary forms ☐ clean transport □ transaction certificates ☐ inspection forms shipping logs ☐ receiving manifests other 123. If "other," explain. 124. What documents do you use to track ingredients and products while in process? Check all that apply. □ sanitation logs quality assurance reports □ production summary logs equipment cleaning logs other blending reports □ packaging reports □ production reports ☐ ingredient inspection forms 125. If "other," explain. 126. What documents do you use to track ingredients and products while in **storage**? *Check all that* apply. ☐ ingredient inventory report ☐ finished product inventory reports □ other 127. If "other," explain. 128. What documents do you use to track ingredients and products at **shipping**? Check all that apply. □ shipping logs □ sales receipts

□ other 129. If "other," explain.

130. Describe your lot numbering or unique identifi acronyms.	ication system and your use of any abbreviations or		
131. Describe how lot numbers and/or other unique	e identifiers link documents to enable traceability.		
132. Does your outgoing shipping documentation identify the organic products as "100% percent organic," "organic," or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))"?  Yes No			
133. What other types of records do you maintain?  ingredient verifications  input labels/composition list  equipment cleaning records  labor records  inventory	Check all that apply.  pest control log  documentation showing lack of commercial availability waste records residue tests other		
134. If "residue tests" or "other," explain.			
135. Can your recordkeeping system track the finish ingredients?  • Yes • No	ned product in the marketplace back to all		
136. Can your recordkeeping system balance organic product in and organic product out?  • Yes • No			
137. Can your recordkeeping system verify prevention Yes No	on of contact with prohibited substances?		
138. If you answered no to any of the above three careas can be tracked/verified?	questions, what changes will you make to ensure these		
139. The National Organic Standards require that you minimum of 5 years. How do you intend to maintai hard copy electronically both	, , , ,		

#### PACKAGING AND LABELING NOS §§205.201, .272, .303 - .311

The National Organic Standards require that packaging materials be free of prohibited substances and must not contaminate the organic product. Organic product labels must meet State and Federal labeling requirements as well as requirements specifically outlined in NOS §205.303-.311. All labels making an organic claim must be approved prior to use. Submit color labels if colored labeling is used.

Nonretail labels must identify the product as organic, and include the production lot number, shipping identification, or other unique identification that links the container to audit trail documentation on all containers and packages, regardless of shape, size, or use, used to ship or store organic products. Nonretail labeling requirements do not apply to nonretail containers used to ship or store agricultural products packaged for retail sale with organic identification visible on the retail label.

Retail products labeled as "100% organic," "organic," "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))," or livestock feed products, must identify the certified handler or product distributor on the information panel, followed below by "Certified Organic by MOSA." Organic ingredients must be identified as organic in ingredient listings on products labeled "100% organic," "organic" or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s)." See the NOS for complete labeling requirements/options and contact MOSA as needed for clarification.

140. PACKAGING:		
What types of packaging material are used? <i>Check all</i>		
□ bulk	□ waxed paper	
□ paper	aseptic	
□ cardboard	□ natural fiber	
wood	□ synthetic fiber	
	□ other	
□ metal		
□ plastic		
141. If "other," explain.		
142. Are all packaging materials food grade?  • Yes • No		
143. Where are packaging materials stored?		
144. Have any packaging materials been exposed to n fumigants or pest control materials in storage, contain exposure. <i>Indicate materials used on the Handler Input</i>	ned in material, or otherwise? If so, describe	
145. Are packaging materials reused? If so, describe how these are cleaned prior to use. All recycled packaging materials must be thoroughly cleaned prior to use and pose no risk to organic integrity.		
146. What changes do you anticipate in your packagir	ng?	
147. <b>LABELING:</b> All labels making an organic claim m copies of new labels and label changes to MOSA for r labeling is used.	, , , , ,	
Do you use or plan to use labels that make an organic <b>Yes</b> O <b>No</b>	: claim?	
148. Will labels making an organic claim and bearing than your certified operation?  • Yes • No	your business name be applied at a facility other	
149. If Yes, provide the operation(s) that will be applying that apply labels that make an organic claim must be applicable.	• •	

150. If you make/use labels for organic products, describe the type of labels used (retail, nonretail, etc.). Note N/A if not applicable.
151. Describe your system for verifying that all labels making an organic claim comply with the National Organic Standards. <i>Note N/A if not applicable</i> .
152. Do you use or plan to use the USDA seal and/or the MOSA logo on product labels or marketing information?  • Yes • No
153. Where do you make or plan to make an organic claim or use the USDA seal or logo?    website   brochures   signs   advertising materials   other   none
154. If other, explain.
155. <b>PRIVATE LABELING:</b> Private label arrangement authorization is required if MOSA is listed as the certifier on the label and the company on the label is not MOSA certified. Private label arrangement authorization requires an administrative fee and submission of the <b>Private Label Arrangement</b> form. Such labels may not be applied at a facility that MOSA does not directly certify.  Do you have any private labeling plans?  Yes No
156. If "yes," list what company(s) will be displayed on the label(s), and what certifier(s) will be displayed on the label(s). All labels making an organic claim must be submitted to MOSA and approved prior to use. Submit color labels if colored labeling is used.
157. <b>OTHER MATERIALS:</b> Disclose any materials or inputs used in your organic production that may contact organic products or equipment used for organic production that are not otherwise disclosed in other sections of this OSP. (ex: contact substances)
158. <b>COMPLETE:</b> Is your Organic System Plan complete?  O Yes O No